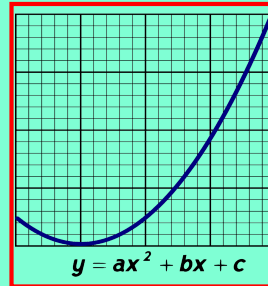


Math 125  
Fall 2021  
Lecture 12



**Set:** A collection of objects

Notation  $\{ \}$

Set elements are to be separated by  $,$ .

Set of all whole number less than 10

$\{0, 1, 2, \dots, 7, 8, 9\}$

Set of all positive integers from 8 to 13.

$\{8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13\}$

Consider the Set below

$$A = \{ \text{Mike, Mary, Moe} \}$$

Mike is an element of A      $\text{Mike} \in A$

Bob is not an element of A      $\text{Bob} \notin A$

$$B = \{ 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 \}$$

$$2 \in B$$

$$5 \notin B$$

operations with sets

Union  $\cup$       $A \cup B \Rightarrow$  elements of  
Both sets in  
a new set.  
(No need to

Intersection  $\cap$       $A \cap B$

~~only~~  
only the  
common  
elements

repeat  
common  
element

$$A = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4 \}$$

$$A \cup B = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 \}$$

$$B = \{ 4, 5, 6, 7 \}$$

$$A \cap B = \{ 4 \}$$

$$A = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$$

$$B = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$$

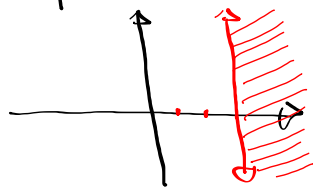
Find  $A \cup B$  &  $A \cap B$

$$\begin{aligned} A \cup B &= \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2, 4, 6, 8\} \\ &= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\} \\ &= \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 8, 9\} \end{aligned}$$

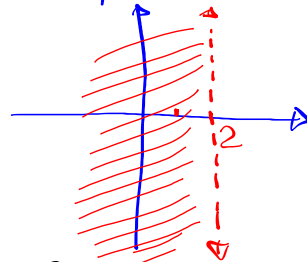
$$\begin{aligned} A \cap B &= \text{No common element} \\ &= \{ \} \text{ empty set} \\ &= \emptyset \end{aligned}$$

Graphing inequalities in rectangular coordinate system:

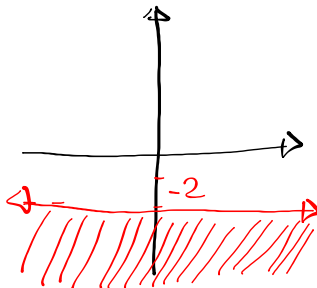
Graph  $x \geq 3$



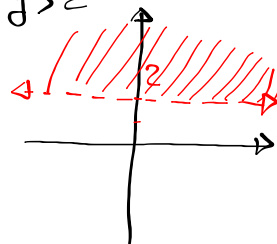
Graph  $x < 2$



Graph  $y \leq -2$



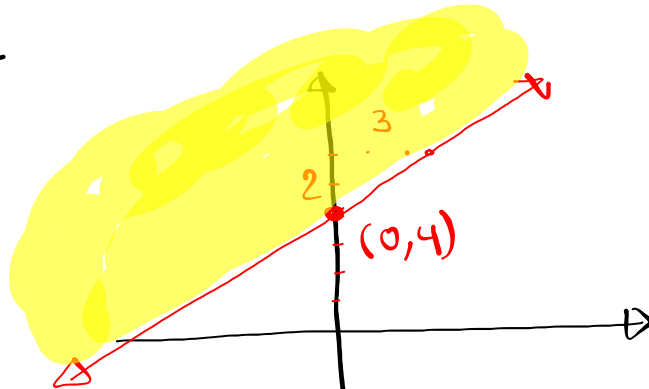
Graph  $y > 2$



Graph & Shade

$$y \geq \frac{2}{3}x + 4$$

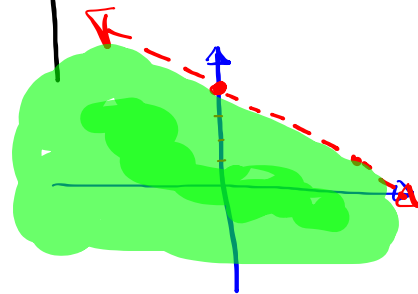
Solid  
slant line  
shade above



Graph & Shade

$$y < -\frac{3}{5}x + 4$$

Broken line (Dotted line)  
slant line, shade below



Graph & Shade

$$3x - 2y > 8$$

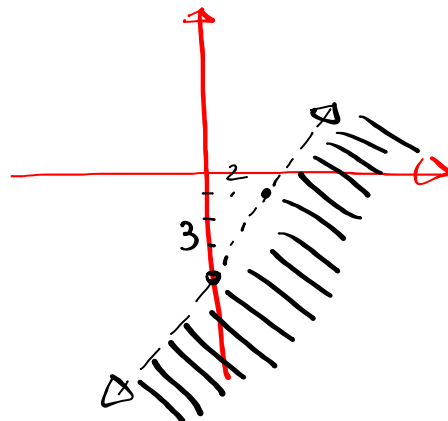
$$-2y > -3x + 8$$

$$\frac{-2}{-2}y < \frac{-3}{-2}x + \frac{8}{-2}$$

$$y < \frac{3}{2}x - 4$$

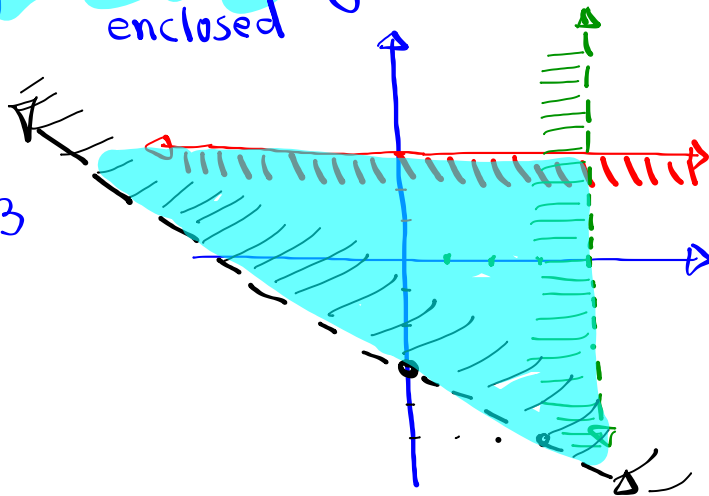
Slant, Dotted,  
Shade below

Hint:  
write in  
slope-Int  
form.



Shade the region bounded by enclosed

$$\begin{cases} y \leq 3 \\ x < 4 \\ y > -\frac{2}{3}x - 3 \end{cases}$$



Solve

$$-5 < -2x + 1 \leq 9$$

$$-5 - 1 < -2x + 1 - 1 \leq 9 - 1$$

$$-6 < -2x \leq 8$$

Divide by  $-2$

$$\frac{-6}{-2} > \frac{-2x}{-2} \geq \frac{8}{-2}$$

$$3 > x \geq -4$$

$$-4 \leq x < 3$$



$$[-4, 3)$$

Set-Builder notation  $\{x \mid -4 \leq x < 3\}$

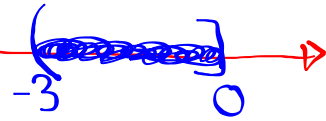
$$7 > -3x - 2 \geq -2$$

$$7+2 > -3x-2+2 \geq -2+2$$

$$9 > -3x \geq 0$$

$$\frac{9}{-3} < \frac{-3}{-3}x \leq \frac{0}{-3}$$

$$-3 < x \leq 0$$



$$(-3, 0]$$

$$\text{S.B.N. } \{x \mid -3 < x \leq 0\}$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$g(x) = 2x - 3$$

Sind

$$\begin{aligned} 1) (f+g)(x) &= f(x) + g(x) \\ &= x^2 - 2x + 3 + 2x - 3 \\ &= x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) (f-g)(x) &= f(x) - g(x) \\ &= x^2 - 2x + 3 - (2x - 3) \\ &= x^2 - 2x + 3 - 2x + 3 \\ &= x^2 - 4x + 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) (f \cdot g)(x) &= f(x) \cdot g(x) \\ &= (x^2 - 2x + 3)(2x - 3) \\ &= 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x^2 + 6x + 6x - 9 = \end{aligned}$$

$$2x^3 - 7x^2 + 12x - 9$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) (f/g)(x) &= \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} ; g(x) \neq 0 \\ &= \frac{x^2 - 2x + 3}{2x - 3} ; x + \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} |x^2 - 4| & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x^3 - 2x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$f(-2) = |(-2)^2 - 4| = |4 - 4| = \boxed{0}$

$f(2) = (2)^3 - 2(2) = 8 - 4 = \boxed{4}$

$f(0) = 0^3 - 2(0) = \boxed{0}$

$$f(x) = \frac{x-5}{x^2-4}$$

Find

$f(5) = \frac{5-5}{5^2-4} = \frac{0}{21} = \boxed{0}$

$f(0) = \frac{0-5}{0-4} = \frac{5}{4} = \boxed{\frac{5}{4}}$

$f(2) = \frac{2-5}{2^2-4} = \frac{-3}{0} = \text{undefined}$

$f(-2) = \frac{-2-5}{(-2)^2-4} = \frac{-7}{0} = \text{undefined}$

Discuss domain

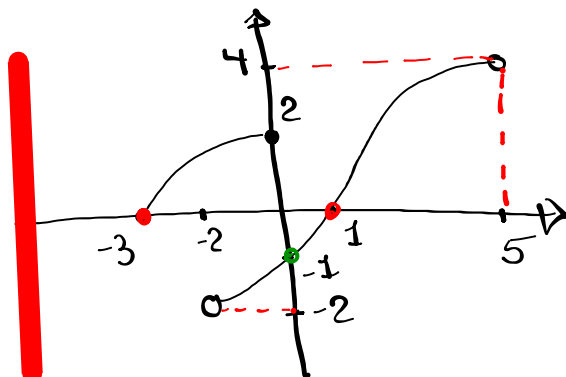
$x^2 - 4 \neq 0 \quad x^2 \neq 4 \quad x \neq \pm 2$

$f(x) = \frac{x-5}{x^2-4}$

Interval notations  $\rightarrow (-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$

Union OR

Consider graph below



Domain  
 $[-3, 5)$

Range  $(-2, 4)$

All intercepts

x-Int:  $(-3, 0), (1, 0)$

y-Int:  $(0, -1), (0, 2)$

Function or not? explain

Not a function, by V.L.T.

SG 4 ✓

Class QZ 10

$$f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 9$$

$$g(x) = x - 3$$

Find

$$\begin{aligned} f(-2) &= (-2)^2 - 3(-2) + 9 \\ &= 4 + 6 + 9 = \boxed{19} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(3) &= 3 - 3 \\ &= \boxed{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (f \cdot g)(x) &= f(x) \cdot g(x) = (x^2 - 3x + 9)(x - 3) \\ &= x^3 - 3x^2 - 3x^2 + 9x + 9x - 27 \\ &= \boxed{x^3 - 6x^2 + 18x - 27} \end{aligned}$$